

- a ~~The term solid fuels~~ includes ~~comprising~~ coal, peat, oil shale, ^{and} firewood.
- b ~~including~~ ~~comprising~~ ~~crude oil~~, ^{this category includes} natural gas liquids, ~~and~~ ~~natural gas~~.
- c ~~comprising hydro electric power, generated at the power site, available for transmission.~~
- d ~~The term European satellites~~ includes Albania, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland, ^{and} Rumania.
- e ~~The term Communist Asia~~ includes Communist China, North Korea, Outer Mongolia, and ~~Viet Nam~~ North Vietnam.
- f ~~Less than 0.5 trillion B.T.U.~~
- g. Not computed.

Table 1r. Primary Energy Production for Selected Years and Growth Rates for Selected Periods in the Sino-Soviet Bloc and Free World by Principal Regions and Categories

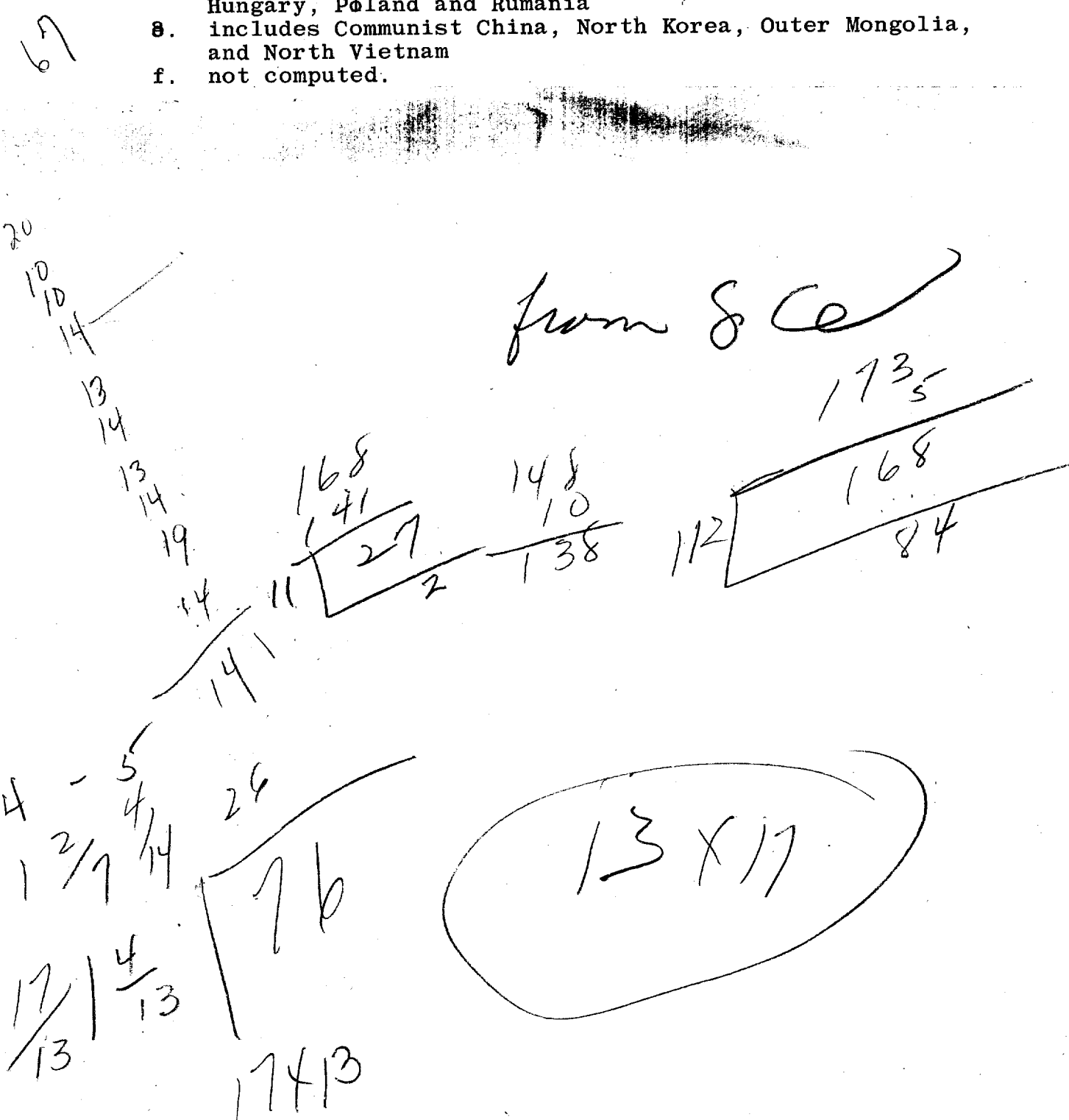
Region and Category	1940 Production (Trillion Btu - 10 ¹²)	1946 Production (Trillion Btu - 10 ¹²)	Aver. Ann. Growth 1941-46 (Percent)	1950 Production (Trillion Btu - 10 ¹²)	Aver. Ann. Growth 1947-50 (Percent)	1955 Production (Trillion Btu - 10 ¹²)	Aver. Ann. Growth 1951-55 (Percent)	1960 Production (Plan or Forecast) (Trillion Btu - 10 ¹²)	Aver. Ann. Growth 1956-60 (Percent)
Sino-Soviet Bloc									
1. USSR - Total	7,016	6,198	-2.1	9,693	11.8	13,760	7.3	22,610	10.4
a. Solid fuels	5,510	5,080	-1.1	7,770	11.2	10,230	5.7	15,030	8.0
b. Oil and gas	1,490	1,100	-4.5	1,880	15.0	3,450	12.9	7,380	16.4
c. Hydroelectric power	16	18	2	43	22	80	13.2	200	20.2
2. European Satellites - Total	5,304	3,803	-5.1	5,383	9.1	7,604	7.1	9,930	5.5
a. Solid fuels	4,950	3,450	-5.5	4,930	9.3	6,660	6.2	8,750	5.6
b. Oil and gas	340	346	0.3	446	6.6	930	15.8	1,160	4.5
c. Hydroelectric power	4	7	10	7	0	14	35	20	7.4
3. Communist China - Total	1,500	572	-14.1	1,244	21.1	2,476	11.8	3,820	9.1
a. Solid fuels	1,490	560	-15.0	1,220	21.5	2,440	11.9	3,700	8.7
b. Oil and gas	10	12	8.4	4	0	20	38	70	28.5
c. Hydroelectric power	10	15	7	20	7	16	4	50	26
4. Sino-Soviet Bloc - Total	13,820	10,580	-4.1	16,320	11.4	23,840	7.9	36,360	8.8
a. Solid fuels	11,960	9,090	-4.5	13,920	11.2	19,330	6.8	27,880	7.3
b. Oil and gas	1,830	1,450	-3.2	2,330	12.6	4,400	13.5	8,610	14.4
c. Hydroelectric power	30	40	5	70	15	110	9.5	270	19.7
Free World									
1. US - Total	24,810	31,210	3.9	34,320	2.4	38,520	2.3	44,900	3.1
a. Solid fuels	13,590	15,610	2.6	14,860	-1.5	13,020	-2.6	11,020	-1.5
b. Oil and gas	11,020	15,080	5.4	19,070	6.0	25,050	5.6	30,400	3.9
c. Hydroelectric power	210	520	7.3	390	5.1	450	2.9	480	1.3
2. Free World less US - Total	24,000	21,400	-1.9	22,310	8.2	36,760	4.6	45,620	4.4
a. Solid fuels	20,220	15,750	-4.1	19,060	4.9	20,210	1.2	21,350	1.1
b. Oil and gas	3,330	5,190	7.7	9,580	16.6	15,490	10.1	22,700	7.9
c. Hydroelectric power	450	460	0.4	670	9.9	1,060	9.6	1,570	8.2
3. Free World - Total	48,810	52,610	1.3	63,630	4.9	75,280	3.4	90,520	3.8
a. Solid fuels	33,800	31,560	-1.1	33,980	1.8	33,250	-0.4	35,370	1.3
b. Oil and gas	14,390	20,270	5.9	28,650	9.0	40,540	7.2	53,100	5.5
c. Hydroelectric power	660	780	2.8	1,060	8.0	1,510	7.3	2,050	6.3
USSR/US									
1940	25.3	20.1		25.6		31.7		40.2	
1946	28.3	19.9		28.2		35.7		50.4	

a. For 1940 and 1946, data cover some countries in 1950, 1955 and 1960.
b. Includes North Korea, Outer Mongolia and East Timor.
c. Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.
d. Not computed.

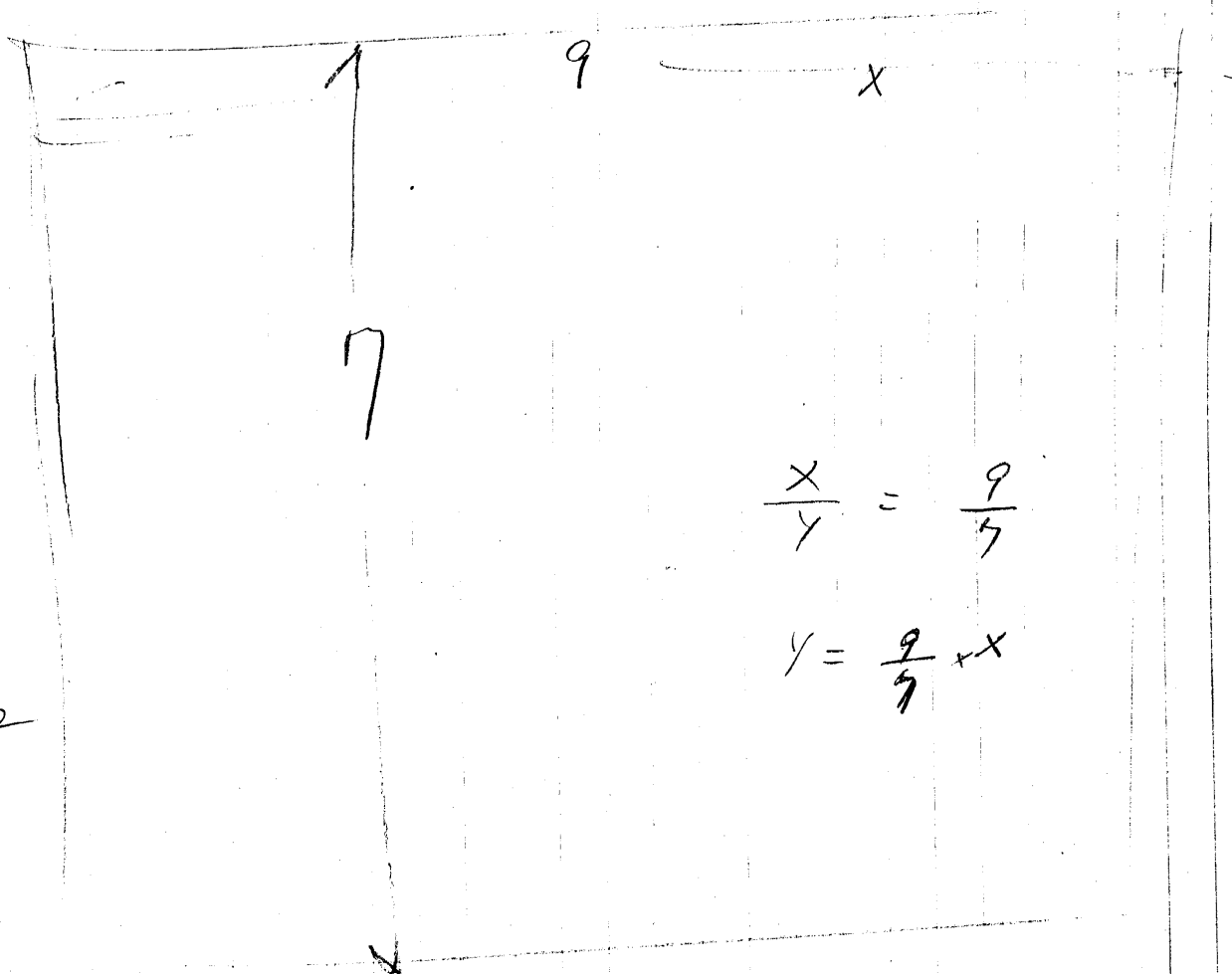
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$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{9}{7}$$

$$y = \frac{9}{7}x$$

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